



GRACE CAPITAL MANAGEMENT  
**GCM**



**DELAWARE STATUTORY TRUSTS  
DST INVESTING**

**CPA, ESTATE PLANNER,  
FINANCIAL PLANNER?**

**Provide Options to Your  
Clients Who Will Sell  
Investment Properties in  
1031 Exchange Transactions**

Tax Deferralment • Passive Income  
Liability Removal • Estate-Planning  
Investment Return

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## STORY: THE TYPICAL DST INVESTOR

### Overcoming Property Challenges with DSTs: A Solution for Older Investors

John and Mary Thompson are tired and looking for freedom from the day-to-day burden of their real estate. They share a common dilemma with other landlords: their investment property has appreciated significantly, but selling it will mean substantial capital gains taxes.

Their estate planner, Sarah, proposed a 1031 Exchange to defer capital gains taxes by reinvesting the proceeds into “like-kind” properties. However, the Thompsons were reluctant to take on the difficulties of finding suitable replacement properties, securing mortgages, and meeting the tight 45-day identification period. More importantly, this plan still wouldn’t free them from property management burdens.

Then, Sarah introduced them to Delaware Statutory Trusts (DSTs) as a solution. With DSTs, investors can defer capital gains taxes by buying shares in a professionally managed real estate trust,

eliminating the need for active property management. DSTs can also provide monthly income distributions and potential profits from the eventual sales of the Trust properties.

For the Thompsons’ estate planning goals, Sarah highlighted that DSTs also offer a step-up in basis, eliminating deferred taxes and simplifying wealth transfer to their heirs. In this way, DSTs can foster peace where inheriting real estate can sometimes cause family squabbles.

Reassured by this approach, John and Mary embraced DSTs as a preferred way to defer taxes, potentially generate passive income and returns, and ensure a smooth estate transition—an alternative to the burdens that sometimes come with direct property ownership.



## A REMINDER - 1031 EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

### Explore Options when deferring taxes with a 1031 Exchange

#### What is a 1031 Exchange?

A 1031 Exchange allows investors to defer capital gains taxes on the sale of an investment property by reinvesting the proceeds into another “like-kind” property. (It is named after Section 1031 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code). This tax-deferral mechanism can alternately be utilized by investing in Delaware Statutory Trusts (DSTs), where investors acquire shares in a Trust that owns institutional, professionally-managed property. This offers a flexible and diversified approach to real estate investment while operating within the 1031 Exchange framework.

#### Why is the 1031 Exchange a real estate investor’s BFF (Best Financial Friend)?

**Tax Deferral:** Keep your clients’ hard-earned money working for them by deferring capital gains taxes, reinvesting ALL sale proceeds into new property, including DSTs.

**Portfolio Diversification:** Offer to expand their investment holdings by exchanging one investment for multiples, or vice versa, to mitigate risk with different types of investments in diverse market areas.

**Estate Planning:** Streamline wealth transfers with a “step-up in basis” to the investments’ current market value at that point, effectively eliminating capital gains tax liability for the heirs.

**Leverage:** Use the equity in their current investment to acquire a higher-value replacement property or DST,, potentially increasing their cash flow and appreciation over time.

**Management Efficiency:** Exchange a high-maintenance property for a lower-maintenance one, freeing up their time and resources for more lucrative investments.

**Long-term Wealth Building:** Repeatedly use 1031 Exchanges to defer their capital gains taxes, reinvesting their proceeds into more productive properties, building significant long-term wealth.

## UNDERSTANDING 1031 EXCHANGES

### The Essentials of 1031 Exchanges: A Path to Tax Deferral



## THE PLANNING CHALLENGES OF THE REAL ESTATE OPTION

### Direct Real Estate Investment: Unpredictable Outcomes

Navigating the intricacies of a 1031 Exchange can be challenging, and there are potential pitfalls that you should be aware of. Identifying DSTs provides a safety net for the “boot”.

#### Identifying Replacement Property:

One of the biggest challenges is identifying suitable replacement property within the short 45-day identification period. Fully covering the boot, and matching debt load doesn't always come together. This can add stress and pricing pressure. Adding DSTs to the list provides a back-up plan.

#### Securing Financing:

There is a limit of 180 days to close, so locking down financing early in the process is important. Note that taking on more debt for the replacement property can help defer more capital gains taxes, but this also increases your clients' financial liability and risk.



#### Maintaining Equal or Greater Leverage:

To fully defer capital gains taxes, the net market value and leverage on the property acquired must be the same as, or greater than, the property sold. This can be challenging. A qualified intermediary (QI) will calculate the necessary leverage and ensure that the 1031 exchange is structured correctly. DSTs can balance this equation.

#### Avoiding Constructive Receipt of Funds:

This means your client cannot have direct access to the sale proceeds at any point during the exchange process. The QI holds the funds in escrow until they are used to purchase the replacement property(s) and/or DSTs. Make sure they choose a reputable QI with appropriate bonding.

#### Structuring the Exchange Correctly:

The 1031 Exchange process must be established and in place at or before the closing of the sale property in the exchange. This means that the QI must be selected and the exchange agreement must be in place before any transactions occur.

#### Conclusion:

As powerful a wealth-building tool as the 1031 Exchange can be, navigating the complexities and timing of the real estate replacement process is challenging. Adding DSTs can assist with the Real Estate option or replace it altogether.

# INTRODUCTION TO DSTS

## Delaware Statutory Trusts (DSTs): Simplifying 1031 Exchange Transactions

### Why a Delaware Statutory Trust?

1. Simplify clients' portfolios and streamline estate plans for heirs, by giving them the option to move from active property management to passive income, passing along shares with a step-up in basis to heirs.
2. Mitigate risk inherent in the 1031 Exchange with backup options, and have the ability to reinvest the "boot" (leftover funds not used in the Exchange, subject to capital gains taxes).



### Key DST Considerations:

**Income Distribution:** Regular monthly income distributions can provide a steady cash flow.

**End of Life Cycle:** At the end of the DST's term, the property is sold, potentially resulting in profit distribution to your clients. The typical life cycle is 5-7 years. Then, 1031 again... "swap 'til you drop!"

**DSTs are securities:** Shares in a real estate-related investment, available ONLY to "accredited investors".

**Tax-deferment:** DSTs follow the 1031 Exchange rules to qualify.

**Professional Control:** Management decisions rest with the Trust Sponsor, not individual investors.

**No Ongoing Costs:** No ongoing expenses, as is common when they manage real estate directly.

**No Liability:** Limited to the amount invested, with no client responsibility for property debt or property liabilities.

**Shielded Ownership:** Clients hold a beneficial interest in the Trust, not direct property ownership.

## ADVANTAGES OF DSTS

### The 3 "paydays" of a DST



1<sup>ST</sup>

Tax-deferment results in immediate tax savings and reinvestment of 100% of your capital gains.



2<sup>ND</sup>

Potential regular monthly income from DST profit distributions. May be tax-exempt!



3<sup>RD</sup>

The return of your principal + profit from the sale of the DST property.

## EXAMPLE OF A FUNDED DST

### Engagement: Traditional Real Estate vs. DSTs in a 1031 Exchange

#### Personal Engagement:

#### TRADITIONAL REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT

1. Active Management: Owner is directly involved in such tasks as tenant screening, lease management, and regular property maintenance.
2. Decision Making: Frequent decision-making is required for property upgrades, tenant issues, and finances.
3. Problem Resolution: Owner handles emergencies and unexpected issues like repairs or tenant disputes.
4. Time Commitment: Owner can invest significant time, especially if managing multiple properties or dealing with high maintenance units.

#### DST INVESTMENT

1. Passive
2. None
3. None
4. None

#### Financial Engagement:

1. Initial Capital Outlay: Owner typically invests a substantial amount up front for down payments, closing costs, and potential renovations.
2. Ongoing Costs: Increasing expenses include annually rising property taxes and insurance, and possibly high maintenance and management fees.
3. Variable Income: Rental income can be unstable, influenced by market conditions, vacancy rates, and tenant reliability.
4. Resale Considerations: There is potential for good returns upon a sale, but this is subject to market conditions, timing, and closing costs.

1. Fixed Initial Investment
2. No Extra Costs
3. More Stabilized Income
4. Targeted Exit Strategy

#### CONCLUSION:

The choice between traditional real estate and a DST in a 1031 exchange largely depends on your client's desired level of personal involvement and risk tolerance. Traditional real estate offers more control and potentially higher returns but requires ongoing personal and financial engagement. In contrast, DSTs offer a passive investment option with targeted returns and NO personal involvement, **making them ideal for those looking to simplify their life.**

## Unlock the Power of Tax Deferral with a 1031 Exchange

### Here's the story:

When Academy Sports & Outdoors was gearing up to go public, their brand new headquarters in Katy, TX, was clearly a financial burden due to its high tax liabilities. The creative resolution? They sold the huge facilities to a DST sponsor while securing a leaseback agreement. This pivotal strategy converted a major taxable asset into a deductible office expense, refining the company's financials and boosting its attractiveness to the stock market. For DST investors, this maneuver created a dependable and lucrative income source throughout the life of the trust, a great illustration of the stability and profitability of investing in DSTs.

### Facts:

210,300 square feet of corporate office space in West Houston.  
Maximize rental revenue and distribute annual cash flows.

**Anticipated Debt: \$35,500,000**

**Equity from investors: \$27,475,000**

**Anticipated Leverage: 56.4%**

**Amortization: 10 Years Interest Only**

**Estimated Distribution for Years 1-5: 6.0%; Years 6-10: 6.61%**



# WHICH IS RIGHT FOR YOU? PROPERTY VS. DST



## Real Estate: The Tried and True Investment

### DIRECT OWNERSHIP:

Owner has complete control over their property, from management decisions to renovations.

### DIVERSE OPTIONS:

They can choose from a wide range of property types, including residential, commercial, and industrial.

### POTENTIAL FOR APPRECIATION:

Real estate might increase in value over time, leading to significant gains.

### CASH FLOW:

Rental properties could provide a steady stream of income to your client.

### INHERITANCE:

They can pass properties to their heirs, with a step-up in basis.



## DST Investments: The Modern Approach to Real Estate

### FRACTIONAL OWNERSHIP:

They can buy shares in trusts that own high-quality, institutional-grade properties.

### ELIMINATE THE MANAGEMENT BURDEN:

The DST Sponsor handles management and the day-to-day operations, so your Investor can sit back and relax.

### DIVERSIFICATION:

Clients can invest in multiple DSTs; residential, commercial, or industrial in different markets, reducing risk.

### RETURNS

Potential monthly cash flow, as well as the potential for a share in the profits when the property is sold.

### ESTATE PLANNING:

Simplify inheritance, passing down shares with a step-up in basis, eliminating capital gains taxes deferred up to that point.

# WHAT IS MEANT BY “LIKE-KIND” PROPERTY?

In a 1031 Exchange, “like-kind” does NOT mean replacing a rental duplex with another duplex in the same city, in other words, similar real estate... this confuses people! Rather, it is legal language that refers to the nature or character of the property rather than its grade or quality. Take a look at this list, illustrating the variety of exchanges, considered “like-kind” for your property:

1. **Commercial Office Buildings**
2. **Retail Properties:** Includes shopping centers, retail strip malls, or standalone stores.
3. **Industrial Facilities:** Warehouses, distribution centers, or manufacturing plants.
4. **Residential Rental Properties:** Apartment buildings, duplexes, or

any other property rented out to tenants.

5. **Raw Land**
6. **Agricultural Land:** Farms, vineyards, or ranches
7. **Special-Purpose Properties:** Like-kind exchanges can also include properties like hotels, hospitals, parking lots, storage units, and more.
8. **Mineral Rights and Water Rights:** Yes, even these can be exchanged, provided they are held for investment purposes.
9. **Delaware Statutory Trusts (DSTs):** Investors can exchange real estate for an interest in a DST, allowing for investment in larger, potentially institutional-quality properties.



# DST INVESTMENTS IN 1031 EXCHANGES: QUICK FAQs

## 1. What is a DST?

A Delaware Statutory Trust (DST) is a vehicle for fractional ownership in a trust, which owns institutional-grade real estate and is eligible for 1031 tax-deferred exchanges.

## 2. How does a DST fit into a 1031 Exchange?

The DST was specifically created to conform to the 1031 Exchange rules, to be a security alternative to reinvesting in real estate, while deferring capital gains taxes.

## 3. What are the minimum investment requirements?

Most DSTs require a minimum investment of \$100,000 in 1031 Exchanges. Above that, you can buy fractional shares to meet any amount.

## 4. Benefits of DST investment?

Access to premium real estate, professional management, portfolio diversification, and the potential for steady income, along with the opportunity to share in profits when the Trust property is sold.

## 4. Who can invest in a DST?

Accredited Investors, defined by income of \$200k/year (\$300k for couples) or a net worth over \$1 million, excluding the primary residence.

## 5. Is a DST good for estate planning?

Yes, it allows for a simplified inheritance of shares, avoids probate, and has potential tax advantages like a step-up in basis.

## 6. What are DST risks?

Risks include property depreciation, market fluctuations, and potential foreclosure, just as in owning real estate directly.

## 7. DST investment duration?

Usually 5-7 years, based on the trust’s strategy and real estate performance. Could run for 10 years or more.

## 8. Can I sell my DST share early?

DST shares are illiquid, with limited options for early sale, typically relying on secondary markets or special redemption programs.

# BEGIN YOUR DST INVESTMENT JOURNEY TODAY



**Earl Proeger**

**DST@GRACE-CAP.COM | 512-293-7731**

11651 JOLLYVILLE RD., #300 AUSTIN, TX 78759



**Greg Lehrmann**

**GREG@EXCEL1031EXCHANGE.ORG | 512-213-9571**

9600 ESCARPMENT BLVD., SUITE 226 AUSTIN, TX 78749



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